Secure Data Access using Image based Password

Neeta Tengale, Santoshi Hambir, Anant Panchal
tengaleneetant18@gmail.com
santoshihambir05@gmail.com
anantpanchal39@gmail.com
Department of Computer Engineering
Raison, Wagholi, Pune.

ABSTRACT

In modern day in the digital world, the information storing is at risk. The security for every operating system usually at first defense against intrusion. A password may be textual with any combination of alphanumeric characters. But there is no authentication protocol is totally secured by hackers. So that, our confidential data is not secured. In a proposed methodology we are creating password which is based on image which is helpful for securing confidential data, for more security splitting technique used to the stego image for verification server side and client side user data. This system provides high data security to storage on local cloud server. We also provide the strong network communication security to registered users during data uploads and downloads user information.

Index term: Images based password, Recognition based technique, data verification, password protection, blowfish algorithm.

I. INTRODUCTION

Now a days the data security and user data authentication is a basic level for information security. Every environment, organization, social network, or any other platform all are continuously tries to provide strong security to their users which are accurate and more secure for users. Basic concept of user is authentication, information system because it provides the ability to the user to access the system. Previous old security techniques which are using from a long time provide worst-less security for authentication than the advance security techniques. In the perspective of information security there may be following main objectives of authentication or security.

• How to maintain the track an unauthorized user from gaining access to system?
• How to analysis the user accessed to the required resources of system?
• How to validate user and with other resources communication?

As per analysis and described by the researchers paper and psychological studies we found the problems and advantages of the existing system that it is nature of humans that they remember images better than text, therefore the password which is graphical based, can be used alternatively to text based password. In this system the password verifies of hide data which is used to access to required resources of system. Password image is kept secret from other users so that an unauthorized user can’t access the valid data, resources of system. Now day’s authentication can be done through several techniques like Textual/ Alphanumeric, Smart Card, Bio-metric, Graphical etc. Each technique provides high cost development; data dependency; network problems so no provide the better accuracy.

II. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Exploitation of password (user account) is one of largest issues in cyber security as it is an easy way to gain the unauthorized access from the attacker. Today’s process is the single widespread form of attack that penetrates a network, system, or resource with or without the use of tools to unlock a resource that has been secured with a password is known as password cracking. There are many reasons that make passwords cracking possible. These reasons include human factors such as short or easily-guessing passwords, usage of weak algorithms. So our proposed system is based on the data protection using the encryption and steganography technique. In this system we generated the secure image based password to access the all files from the server.
The desired paper is organized as follows. Section 2 presents related works about secure data in cloud environment; The proposed System and algorithm in Section 3; System analysis is presented in Section 4; System requirement specification in Section 5; Mathematical model in Section 6; Result discussion in Section 7 and concludes the paper.

III. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

[1] In this paper author explain the XORed encryption technique, steganography and cryptography. They are combined to provide a security system capable of encrypting a secret message using RSA algorithm. To hide the data, they are used advanced LSB method is used. The original message is encrypted at the initial stage and then separated into two portions P1 and P2. An XOR operation is applied to the first portion (P1) using the odd location and to the second portion (P2) using the even position of the LSB+1. The Position of the LSB is then used to hide the XORed encrypted message.

[2] In this paper, author proposed steganography and encryption technique to hiding the data in the images. Many different file formats can be used for data security, but digital images are the most popular because of their frequency on the internet. This paper introduces two new methods where in cryptography and steganography are combined to encrypt the data as well as to hide the data in another medium through image processing. In this paper using the secure image by encryption is done using DES algorithm with the key image.

[3] A Hash Least Significant Bit with Affine cipher algorithm has been proposed in this paper for providing high security to data in a network security. First author encrypt the given data with the new proposed cryptography algorithm and then embed in the image. In this algorithm, Eight bits of the secret message are divided into [3, 3, 2] and embedding into the Red, Green, Blue pixels values of the cover image respectively. Here a hash function is used to select the particular position of insertion in LSB bits. This new introduce system allows a message sender to select 11 keys to encrypt the secret message before embedding into the image and a receiver is used the keys to decrypt the message. Receiver can be decrypted the encrypt message with incorrect the keys but to a different form from the original message. This system has the ability to provide better security while transferring the secret message from one end to the other end in network environment.

[4] This paper explains most authentication systems based on self-id use as a password data, which is referred to as Positive Identification of a user authentication. These systems use a password profile containing in the list of all the user passwords that are authorized to access the system or the server. The negative password counterpart represents all strings that are not in the password database, which can possibly be explored by hackers using the different tools. The author developed system demonstrated that by examining Anti-Password Clusters, it is possible to deduce what is in the password database it complemented. Here different steps introduces for performing the this system, firstly Data Collection of user password, secondly Data preprocessing using the MD5 algorithm, thirdly Anti-P generation this algorithm uses only one class for generating Anti-Passwords for the complement class (Anti-Ps).

[5] In this paper, author covered the idea of generating an efficient algorithm that can work as the final in the Dynamic Password Authentication system. Author used the standard deviation for secure data within statistics to generalize the possible password which is further secured by Feistel Block Cipher Algorithm and Advanced Encryption Standard Algorithm, leading and following the said mathematics respectively. In this proposed system order to allow creating variable password in the least time interval possible, author also maintain not more complexity of the given process.

IV. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

A. Architecture

The proposed architectures provide the, authentication in that phase is divided into steps.

1. On the user side, a user provide the his/her username and password to the server. Then, the get method we catch the username and plain password are transmitted to the server through a secure channel;

2. If the received password is provide the steganography process for hiding the data in to the image.

3. Once data hide in the above (2) stage is then we provide the secure encryption process and image splitting technique is applied.

Fig1. System Architecture
4. Finally every user will get the secure half image and another half image to the data server.

IV. SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION

The proposed system created based on the java programing language. Net bean tool used for programing the proposed system. User data is stored in mysql database. This system is used widely accessibly a web technology application using JSP with local server. Web application that access the any data, communicates to each other using the with local server and Trustee Server using REST API. In this system mostly used the image for generate the secure password on local cloud server. We have evaluated time required for steganography and encryption process generation.

V. CONCLUSION

In this system we design new technology combination of encryption and steganography based password. In our proposed design framework create the secure password to access the database file server. In the end of the system, we avoid the attack from outsider, phishing sites and design the complexity of encrypted password. The results show that the proposed system is better than the other system and stronger than the other password protection system.

VI. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I wish to express my profound thanks to all who helped us directly or indirectly in making this paper. Finally I wish to thank to all our friends and well- wishers who supported us in completing this paper successfully I am especially grateful to our guide for him time to time, very much needed, valuable guidance. Without the full support and cheerful encouragement of my guide, the paper would not have been completed on time.

REFERENCES